2009 JUL 19 AM 8: 50



BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2008 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

Public Water Supply Name

List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

confide	deral Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consumer nce report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Please 2	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other
	Date customers were informed: 84/10/09
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed://
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: Winston County Journal
	Date Published:/_/
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted: / /
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
<u>CERTI</u>	FICATION
the forn	certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is not with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State nent of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
Name/	Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) L-16.09 Date
	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518

2008 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Calvary Rural Water Association PWS#: 0900002 May 2009

We're pleased to present to you this years Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a sets and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the either we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Cur water sources is "trom wells drawing from the Middle Willow Application."

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall ausooptibility of its drinking water ausply to libertilly potential sources of occlarimation. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were maintained has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The walls for the Calvery Purel Water Association have received a moleculest susceptibility arrinking to containmination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact John Albert Young at 662,803,3370. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to fear more, please attend the meeting acheduled for September 14, 2009 at 7.30 PM at the Winston County Annex Subject.

Separative 14, 2008 at 7.30 PM at the Vention Courty Annex Dusting.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contagninants that we detected during for the period of January 1¹⁸ to December 31¹⁸, 2008. In cases where monitoring water is required in 2009, the table reflector be most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves water is required in 2009, the table reflector be most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves of animals or from human activity, viscobile not productive materials and can pot by substances or contaminants from the results and the presence of animals or from human activity, viscobile not, including a substance and bacteria, that may come from severage treatment plants, septic systems, agoloutural hevelock operations, and wildlife, inorganized water laws of the second contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-production, mining, or residential users, organic chemicals contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-product of intential processes and potroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems, radioactive contaminants, which are by-production of intential processes and potroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems, radioactive contaminants, which can be processed or intential processes and potroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems, radioactive contaminants, which can be processed or intential processes and potroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems. All definiting water, including better definitions that all male and an administrations to reduct or annex that the available is set to drink. EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water sy

In this table you will find many lerrns and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these ferms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Consuminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Parts per million (opm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in

				TEST RE	SULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCI.	Likely Source of Contemination
Inorganie	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2005"	.022	No Range	Ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14 Copper	N	2008	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1	Corrosion of household plurrain systems, erosion of natural deposits, leaching from wood preservatives
7. Lead	IN .	2008	2	0	ppb	0	AL-1	Corrosion of household plump systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	n By-Pr	oducts						
2, TTHM (otal (halomethanes)	N 2	007- 1-	1.22 N	o Range p	pb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
histine	N 2	008 7	.0	7-7 p	pm	0 MD	RL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

Most recent sample. No sample required for 2008.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and Claife requiraments. We have beened through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected, however, the EFA has delimented that your value its SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your dinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. Beginning Jenuary 1, 2004, the Mississippl State Department of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary districtors to monitoriset for chlorine residuals as a considerable to the stage 1 Distriction by Products Rust. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that anowed no colform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any mission samples prior to the end of the compliance peried.

Inflason searces purch as well-as a cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drawing water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and from plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking under the providing high quality drinking under the providing high quality drinking components. When your water has been eiting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for experience the providing high quality drinking or cobleting. I you are concerned about lead in your water, repair with plus of seconds to 2 minimizes before using water for drinking or cobleting. I you are concerned about lead in your water, value and the providing the providing or cobleting. I you are concerned about lead in your water, value and the providing water for the provid

All acuroes of dimining water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be mirrorbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All clinixing water, including bottled water, may restancibly be expected to contain at least armal amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not be accordant to the contain and amounts of some contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Enriconnettal Protection, Approx 5 Safe Drinking Water Hotters et a 1800-624-978.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population, Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergoine organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some allowed sizely, and inflants can be particularly at risk from inflections. These people whould seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/DIC guidelines on appropriate means to Isseen the risk of infection by cryptosportifium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Sele Drinking Water Hottine 1-800-428-4791.

***** A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the acheduled deadline; however, during an again of the Massiastepi State Department of Health Radiological Feath Laboratory, the Enricomental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological completence samples and results until sturber notice.

ough this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. The Bureau of Public ter Supply is taking action to resolve this issue as quickly as possible. If you have any questions, please contact Melasa Parker, puty Decator, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 801.576.7518.

The Calvary Rural Water Association works around the clock to provide top qualify water to every tap. We ask that all our custom help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Publish date: 6/10/09

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY WINSTON

Before the undersigned authority of said county and state personally appeared Brenda Perry, County of Winston, State of Mississippi, Winstounty Journal who, being duly sworn, both depose and say that the publication of the notice hereto affixed has been made in said newspap for/ Consecutive week(s), to-wit:	
Vol. //6 , No. 22 , on the/0 day of	09 09 09 09
Sworn to and subscribed to this the	
SUSAN D. ADCOCK Mississippi Statewide Notary Public My Commission Expires January 14, 2010 By: Juscu D. Holdere	
Expires January 14.	
ON COLUMN TO SERVICE STATE OF THE SERVICE STATE STA	